

ACES 2 (Heating & Cooling) User Manual ACES2002 | Issue No 2 | March 2020

Important Safety Information

This manual may not be altered or reproduced in whole or in part by any means without the express written consent of Best Energy Saving Technology Ltd.

The information contained in this document is believed to be accurate at the time of publication, however, Best Energy Saving Technology Ltd assumes no responsibility for any errors which may appear here and reserves the right to make changes without notice.

Please read this manual carefully before installation, operation and maintenance of the ACES 2 unit. The following symbols in this manual are used to provide warning of danger or risk during the installation and operation of the unit.



Electric Shock Symbol: Carries information about procedures which must be followed to reduce the risk of electric shock and danger to personal health.



Safety Alert Symbol: Carries information about circumstances which if not considered may result in injury or death.

Installation and maintenance of the ACES 2 should only be performed by qualified, competent professionals who have received training and should have experience with current devices.

Best Energy Saving Technology Ltd shall not be responsible or liable for any damages caused by improper installation.



Considerations When Installing the ACES 2

Installation of the ACES2 must be performed by qualified personnel only, who follow standard safety precautions through the installation procedures. Those personnel should have appropriate training and experience of Aircon systems and electrical systems. Appropriate safety gloves, safety glasses and protective clothing are highly recommended.

During normal operation the device uses DC voltage and low current draw, But DC voltage can still be dangerous and may appear on parts of the ACES2, including the exposed circuit boards (when unit open). AVOID contact with any current-carrying surfaces.

The ACES2 is NOT designed as primary protection devices and shall NOT be used as primary circuit protection or in an energy-limiting capacity. The ACES 2 can only be used as secondary protection. AVOID using under situations where failure of the ACES2 may cause injury or death. AVOID using the ACES2 for any application where risk of fire may occur.

Applying more than the maximum voltage to the ACES2 will permanently damage the unit. Please refer to the specifications for all devices before applying voltages.

• Best Energy Saving Technology Ltd recommends using a dry cloth to wipe the The device.

Important Note: if the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the Manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.



ACES2 Description



The ACES2 enhances your energy management with automated intelligence, by fixing your aircon temperature to desired value (no one can alter the settings via remote) and scheduling your multiple aircon systems on or off depending on the time of day or demand.



The Hardware



ACES2 is a plug-and-play system, easily and safely installed by an electrician. It offers the chance to transform energy management in a facility with automated intelligence that switches your energy hungry Aircon systems equipment on and off automatically.

That functionality can work on the basis of logic controls; a set of rules which, if satisfied, 'trigger' the on or off function. Or you can control it manually, switching equipment off yourself when you see (with Eniscope's analytics) that consumption is excessive or active out-of-hours, for example.

A single ACES2 unit can control up to 4 Aircon units, to switch your devices on or off and has the ability to monitor up to up to 6 temperature sensors.

The Software

The ACES2 uses on-board software to display live input readings, and allow you to programme the logic controller and switch your output relays on or off manually.

You can also view your data remotely on temperature graphs dating back a month or in table format along with the recorded aircon states on our website, via MQTT.



From this website you can setup remote scheduling for your aircon systems, such as ensuring they off outside of operating hours or scheduling multiple units to be all on at peak day heat, while operating just 1 aircon for the evening or overnight conditions.

You can also setup instant email alerts if temperature goes outside desired range and even remotely increase the temperature without having to make another on site visit (or set different temperature ranges for different times of the day).

Contact your Best Energy Saving Technology Distributor today to learn how your organisation can benefit from the ACES2 system.



ACES 2 Identification



PIN/Component	Description
Power	Power supply 8V ÷ 55V DC
power LED	LED indicator on – power on board
relay LED	LED indicator on – relay active
green LED	LED indicator on – eth link active
orange LED	LED indicator on – data transmitted
IDC10-1	Additional Inputs / Outputs PWM1÷3
IDC10-2	Additional outputs transistor OC standard, for example, relays
INP1D÷INP4D	Logical inputs Low=0~0,8V, High=0,8V~20V
	Also supports a pulse counter
+5V	For sensors supply
GND*	Ground for analog and digital inputs
INPA1÷A4	Analog inputs
OUT5	Transistor output (+), voltage = power supply, max 1A
GND	Ground for transistor output (–)
NC	Relay OUT0, normally closed contact
С	Relay OUT0, common contact
NO	Relay OUT0, normally open contact









ACES2 Tools and Consumables



1) Screwdriver set including a 2mm flat head screwdriver.



2) Wire strippers



3) Wire cutters



4) RJ45 Crimpers



5) Multimeter (for resistance measurements 0 - 50k)



6) Drill and Masonry drill set





7) Ferrule crimping tool

	CARLE TERMA Reference
Plug wire a	E.
H	14
MASTER	PENOTE V
0	

8) Cat5 tester



9) Accurate/calibrated portable temperature probe



1) RJ45 connectors



2) CABLE - 2 wire 26AWG or larger signal cable for each aircon control.



3) CABLE - 3 wire SCREENED 26AWG or larger Cable for Temperature probe.





4) Screws and raw plugs for mounting ACES2 to wall.



5) 0.5 (20 AWG, 0.5 mm²) and 0.25 (26 AWG, 0.25 mm²)



6) Electrical Tape



7) Terminal block (CH2 Spring Wire Connectors for instance)



8) Diode 1N5817



JST XHP-2 is a common connector 9) Optional: Connector Plug, Pins and crimper (Usually JST XHP-2, varies based on aircon model)



SECTION 1 INSTALLATION

Important Safety Notice

SAFETY AT WORK



The owner, installer and user of this ACES2 device are responsible for its correct installation and use, and must ensure that;

- a) Only qualified persons install the unit.
- b) Isolate Power Supply before installation.
- c) The installation complies with the information contained in this publication.
- d) All units must be installed in accordance with the current National Electrical Code.

Best Energy Saving Technology Ltd, or their agents do not assume any liability, expressed or implied, for any consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation, application, use or adjustment of this device.



A. Mounting the ACES2

Opening the ACES2

There are 4 screws on the back of the ACES2 Enclosure, once removed the front lid will come off and you can see the boards inside.

Please note you will need to screw the lid down again before final mounting to the wall.



Environmental

There are no specific ventilation requirements however, please check the environment, temperature and humidity to ensure the ACES2 is within the correct operating conditions. Also before you begin to mount the ACES2.

The ACES2 is Type 1, for indoor use only.



The ACES2 is designed to be mounted on a vertical surface within an electrical cabinet or wall mount, using the provided glands for incoming cables. ACES2 can be mounted using the corner mounting holes.

Dimensions

Height144 mmWidth236 mmDepth60 mm





B. Location

ACES2 Location

You will need to consider the best location of the ACES2 unit to get all the connectivity options.

The ACES2 unit will need:

- Internet access via rj45
- An earthing point for the shielded cable
- Wall socket (100-240V) for power point
- 2 wire cable for each evaporator temperature sensor or thermostat to take control.
- 4 Wire screened cable for the temperature probe.

Normally we see partners installing the ACES2 unit near the Eniscope (So they can share the same network access point and use the Eniscope earth point).

Temperature Probe Location

You need to decide the best locations for the temperature probe(s) and quantity needed, we recommend 1 per Aircon unit or at least 1 per 5m2 floor area.



Obviously, you need to use your onsite observation for the best positions, but we recommend the sensor being place in the middle of the area/room being covered and near the ceiling. If you have 1 sensor per aircon unit, then again position as such that it is near the aircon but away from the walls, corners or obstructions.

Other considerations of places **<u>not</u>** to put the temperature sensor include:

- In direct flow path of aircon unit (remember we want the average room temperature, not the evaporator air temperature like ACES1 use to).
- In the direct path of any fans installed on site.
- Above the ceiling tiles or ceiling of a room.
- Next to lights or heat sources.
- Keep away from doorways or windows (where you have temperature variation both sides).
- Keep the sensor out of direct sunlight.
- Touching metals, etc that could be hot or cold.



C. Cables



Power Cable

The unit comes with a UK plug end and a 110-240v supply, (The Smart Switch requires 8 to 55V DC supply) to plug into a wall socket, we recommend you use an existing wall socket point or create one from the Distribution board with a switch. If your country uses a different plug you can keep the power supply and just get a cable with figure 8 C7 adaptor or replace the plug directly.

Ethernet Cable

Run the Ethernet cable between your ACES2 unit and the nearest internet access router so data can be uploaded to the MQTT site and remote instructions can be sent to the unit.

Temperature Probe Extension Cable

Extend the temperature probe(s) up to 50m maximum, by using a 3wire (or 2 pair) screened (shielded) signal cable (AWG26 or larger), connecting the temperature probe to the end via either soldered connection or terminal block and put in the diode. Also ensure the screen is connected to earth otherwise noise will effect the temperature probe!

If having more than 1 sensor, you must connect them in 'daisy chain' or line bus format and not a star network. This means there only ever be 1 set of wires going to the ACES2 unit (rather than each sensor wires return to the ACES2 unit which would form a star network).



You can connect the screen to earth by connecting to the Distribution Board Earth bar or alternatively to the Eniscope Earth connector (but ensure the Eniscope itself is connected to the Earth bar in the DB).





Temperature Probe Wiring

Use the RJ12/RJ11 cable provided with your ACES2 and connect to the mainboard and the splitter like shown below:



Below are the Splitter wiring details:

1-Wire input splitter (screw terminals) for Lan Controller, allowing connection of up to 4 DS18B20 temperature sensors.





Kolory na schemacie odpowiadają kolorom czujnika LANKON-029



If you decide not to use the splitter and you have cut the RJ12/RJ11 cable for direct connection, then pin2 (Vcc), pin4 (Data) and pin5 (ground).

The temperature sensor will come with 3 wires:

Red = Vcc (5v)Black = Ground

Yellow = Data (1 Wire)





The final wiring should look like:

The sensor Data wire should be routed through the relay0 NC (normally closed) and C (common) pins using the green connector provided. This will allow us to remotely reset the sensor by operating the relay.





C NO

Aircon Signal cables

Please use 26AWG 2 wire (1 pair) or larger, you will need 1 cable per aircon system and all cables must lead back to the ACES2 unit.

Your first step is to open the Aircon Evaporators and identify the air temperature sensors. Please note we want the room air sensor, not the coil temperature sensor.



Example of the common sensor

Next unplug the temperature sensors from the aircon control board (do not remove, keep fixed in unit so can be plugged in again in future) and make note of the connector types, you will then need to order the connectors and the pins to put onto your control wire (along with the crimping tool if needed). Or otherwise obtain permission to cut the sensor wire in the middle and join onto the existing wire with terminal connector.



JST XHP-2 is a common connector

Now you need a warm and cold signal resistance value to record for ACES2 settings, to do this connect a multimeter set to resistance to the end of the temperature sensor and place the sensor inside a fridge for 1 minute, then record the resistance (usual values are around 16-19KOhms).

Next place the sensor on a hot source, such as hold tightly in the palm of your hand for 2-3 mins until the value settles (usually values are 4 to 8kOhms). Write these values down onto the commissioning sheet as will be needed later.



Finally you can connect the end of your signal cable directly to the Aircon control board and close the unit.





Note: Remember a cold signal is used to bring heating system on (0) and hot signal is used to bring cooling system on (1).

Now for terminating the signal cables to the ACES2 unit, pass the up to 4 signal cables (up to 4 Aircon control) through the glands and wire to the black terminals of the relay outputs.

For a heating & cooling system, we want:

out?=0 to be Heating on mode

out?=1 to be Cooling on mode

No off position?

Normally we need a 3 point system (Heating, Off, Cooling), but what we actually are using is a 2 point system (heating or cooling), but we know there is a transition time the systems uses to protect itself (commonly around 15-20min) to switch from heating to cooling and vice versa... we can use this "off band" to our advantage as an off state. For scheduling off this means we will toggle the system every 10mins between the 2 state to lock the system off until we want to resume with normal temperature control.



Note that Relay 0 is on the Microcontroller board and then Relay 1 to Relay 4 are on the separate relay board (you do not wire the aircon signal cables to relay 0, start at relay 1). The numbering can be seen on the circuit board also.





D. ACES2 Access and Network Setup

Login

Login using the default IP 192.168.1.100 and user admin, password admin. You can login by typing the IP into the browser like with Eniscope (but do not need /admin).

1	admin	
P	*****	

You will find it best to connect to the ACES2 unit with a direct cat5 cable from your laptop (bypass any router for now).

Setting the IP Address

Click 'Config/Network', Change the IP settings to the required static IP, do not use DHCP.

•••			
Panel	Config/Network		
	Config/Network		
Control/Out	MAC Adress	D8:80:39:D1:CA:43	
	Host Name	LK3_controller	
		Enable DHCP State OFF	
	IP Adress	192.168.1.100	
- WatchDog	Getway	192.168.1.1	
	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
	Primary DNS	8.8.8.8	
- Power/Energy	Secondary DNS	194.204.152.34	
Config/Network	HTTP Port	80	
- Time			
- Email			
	Save and Roebot		

Now press 'Save and reboot' option, please remember to login in again on the new IP address. Remember that it is important to put in the correct IP range, gateway and DNS settings that match your router. After the settings are correct, you can connect both your ACES2 unit and your laptop to the router.



Set the Time

Click the 'time' menu option and select the NTP option (or set the time manually) and save. Also click the 'set time in RTC' to save to controller. Also you can select your timezone.

Panel	Time		
Status	line		
Load a picture			
Control/Out	Current time	2018-10-15;12:47:58	Set time in RTC
- Pwm	NTP		
- Inputs	Set manual	1970-01-01;01:01:32	
	NTP Servers	pool.ntp.org	
- WatchDog	Port	123	
- Scheduler	Time interval	600	
- Señal port		1	
- Power/Energy	Time zone	8	
Config/Network	Automatic daylight saving time		
- Time			
- Email	Save		

To check the operation is successful go to the 'status' screen and check the date and time displayed up top.

Status			
UpTime 46 sec, 14 min, 0 hour, 0 day 2018-11-15:10:33:02	Version: 1.49b1	VCC SUPPLY = 12.2 V	Temperature = 32 C



E. Set the Potentiometers and test

Now all the wiring is in place it is time to set the potentiometers to the values you recorded from testing the AC sensors, do this using a multimeter set to resistance and set the pots shown below.



Note that you should disconnect 1 wire while setting the pots and manually change the state of the relay to set the 2 values, once set reconnect the wire.

If your aircon unit is controlled by a thermostat instead of a temperature sensor in the evaporator unit. Please remove the small circuit with the potentiometers and wire the control wires directly to the common © and Normally open (NO) terminals of the relay as a resistance value is not needed.







Check your Relays and temperature sensor readings

anel	Status											
	Contraction of the second s	Mana Obud Dr	a)	140 Venuer: 1-40	WY SLOTT -	193 V harmanatur	- 394		1.5		Window	(N +
lahis	The Address of the			Contraction of the second states					1		- Constanting	
	aut0	off	out!	ott	out2	oft	outi	ott	put4	att	cut5	ott
antro/Out			Cuurt.		oute		Data		- California		L'UL	
	PWM Out's											
	pwm0	off	pwm1	off	pwm2	pitt	pam3	att				
				1	-		1020033	9				
	Inputs											
						An	alog sensor					
	inpa 1		inpa2		inpa3		inpa4		inpa5		inpa6	
- Power/Energy	off	off	off	off	off	uff	off	off	flu	off	cff	off
anfig/Network						Temp	rature sensor		2			
	T1 US1		T2 (552	25.2	T5	23.0	T4 1254	23.5	T5	23.5	15	
	-			_		- 17		1.1				
	17		T8 DSA	3	79	1	HT	0	P1	100	002	-
	10000				i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	the state			10.000		(Antonio)	
	Pm25/10		0.00	0.00								
		-		Contraction of								
	- Trace											

Manual Switching checks:

Stage 1:

Select the Status menu tab and check that turning on out1, 2, 3, 4 turns on the corresponding relays (turn off when finished) in the software. Also check that when you manually turn on an output that the relay board LED comes on for that output (each relay has its own LED).

Stage 2:

Now lets check that the heating and cooling comes on and off with our outputs. Leave outputs 1-4 (depending on number of AC connected) in the 0 state (heating mode) and monitor for 15 minutes at least that no cold air is provided via aircon and compressor does not come on. Next switch all outputs 1-4 to 1 (Cooling mode) and monitor for 15 minutes at least that you can feel cold air and compressor comes on.

If you have an Eniscope installed you can use this to also check when compressor comes on and off watching the current usage.

If stage 2 is unsuccessful try the below:

1) disconnect the connector for the aircon (JST connector or alike) and measure with a ohm meter the resistance you see at the end. Check you get your cold and hot resistance readings depending on the relay switch state. If not check the pot settings at the ACES2 and the cable integrity.

2) If your cooling mode does not come on when you send the hot signal (output/relay on) try lowing the resistance by 1kohms. Keep lowering by 1kOhms until it comes on.

3) If your heating mode does not come on, increase the cold resistance (output/relay off) by 1kohm increments to a maximum of 45k.

4) If the aircon has a flashing light indicating error, check your connections and resistance settings. Also note for some aircon models they can detect when a resistance range is to large. For instance if you set the cold resistance to 25k, try lowering to 16k to see if error stops.



Temperature sensor checks:

Also check you can see your temperature sensor reading under the DS1 to DS8 selection on the status screen. To move the sensor reading to DS1 or assign a missing sensor go to the 1 wire option.



From the 1 wire option menu click the Read ID (it should produce a unique MAC number) and then save to position 1-6.

Note: if you are using multiple sensors, you will need to have only 1 sensor at a time connected to the ACES2 to read ID and assign a position. Once done you can then connect all sensors to ACES2.

If you want to remove a sensor from a position, disconnect all sensors (unclip the white ribbon cable), click read ID and it will produce 0. Now save the ID to position you wish to blank. Reattach the sensors when finished.



F. Setting the Programmable Logic

Paral Carding <t

Understanding the Events Screen

On the Events screen we can see the programmable logic for setting our relay outputs based on the temperature or digital/analogue inputs thresholds.

1. Select the temperature sensor(s) or digital/analogue input you wish to monitor.

2. Select if the relay switching should be when temperature is equal to or greater than or below option (i.e. switch when equal to or above 30 degrees, switch when below 20 degrees).

3. Set the temperature threshold for switching (i.e. 30 degrees).

4. Set the hysteresis or leave as default 1. This will mean the for example if threshold is 30, that the relay will switch on at 31 degrees (with hysteresis set to 1), then switch off again at 29 degrees.

5. Select your Logic operation, if in doubt, keep to an 'OR' for most applications. Examples are displayed on screen.

6. Select the Relay outputs (output 0-4 and 1 for on, 0 for off). Don't select Auto as this is a continuous toggle on/off.

7. Once the configuration is complete hit the 'add config' to save.

8. To turn the configuration on select the On tick box.

Now you under stand the interface please set the below logic for the 2 or 3 Aircons:



Finding your temperature threshold

Before setting the events you need to work out the temperature difference between your sensor position (usually in the roof which warmer than room below) and the temperature of the room at chest height. Use a digital thermometer like shown below and measure in the centre of the room around waist-chest height. Compare this to the sensor reading you get in ACES2 to find the difference. Now add this difference to 24 to get your threshold setting for the events (replace the 24 you see in the event settings below)



i.e. your digital thermometer says 25.2degs. The ACES2 says 27.2degs. The difference is 2degs.

Therefore on the events you se the threshold as 24 + 2 = 26 degs.

Temperature offset Test

For this test we want to manually switch on the aircon compressors until the room temperature (via your handheld thermometer in the middle of the room) reaches 22 degrees. Now turn off the aircon units with their remote controls or power switches. Take readings every 2mins of the ACES2 temperature sensor and your handheld thermometer readings until the room reaches 26 degrees. Write the results in the commissioning report.

Now compare the figures of the ACES2 temperature sensor readings and your hand held thermometer readings from the middle of the store and see what the difference is over the range. Check that the threshold difference you set in the events is correct or if it needs adjustment.

Example:

Handheld	ACES2	
thermometer	Sensor	Offset
22	24.2	2.2
23.2	25.5	2.3
24.5	26.7	2.2
26	28.1	2.1

Then with a desired room temperature of 24 our events setting between 26 and 26.2 would be correct.



Setting the Events

Single Unit Example:

See below example of a single unit setup, we will now break down to explain.

Even	vent list								
#	Source	If	Value	State	Operator	Action			
	OUTO	-	1	No	AND	410	EVENT5=1		🗷 On 🗷 Per
1	OUT5	=	1	No		EVEN(J-1		di Un di Per	
2	DS2	2	19 ±0.2	Yes			EVENT6=1		🗷 On 🗷 Per
-	OUT5	.=.	0	Yes	AND		a On a Per		
3	EVENT6	. = .	1	Yes	OR	0.01-1		🗑 On 🖻 Per	
,	EVENT5		1	No	OR	Out1=1		to On the Per	

Event list

#	Source	If	Value	State	Operator	Action	
	OUTO	-	1	No	AND	EVENT5=1	
·	OUTS	-	1	No	AND	EVENID-1	
2	DS2	≥	19 ±0.2	Yes	AND	EVENT6=1	
•	OUTS	-	0	Yes	AND	EVENIO=I	
3	EVENT6	=	1	Yes	OR	Out1=1	
·	EVENT5		1	No	UK	Out I = I	

- Out0 is physically wired to break the digital sensors circuit when in a state of 1 and allow readings when 0 (used for reset), be we can also use it as a trigger in events to put system in override mode. In combination with out5 (which has no physical relay, is virtual switch) we can create in the events that when out0=1 and out5=1 we can force aircon on all the time (ignoring temperature readings). While if we have out0=1 and out5=0 we can force heating mode on all the time (since disconnected sensor reads as -60). This give us manual override options.
- DS2 here we are setting the temperature threshold for switching between heating and cooling mode. We are going with a default of 19 degrees +/- 0.2 (meaning 18.7 heating mode, 19.3 cooling mode). We then remotely from the MQTT server able to move this threshold point up (currently using 20 degrees for example).

Also note this event line can be cloned to look at other sensors also and trigger different units depending on number of sensors used.

Please note to not set this value to high! As we can go up remotely but not down!

Also if there is a difference between the room temperature and the sensor position please build the correction in here (refer to the manual for more detail).

Out5 when system is not in override mode can be used for the remote MQTT site to adjust the temperature threshold up as will see in the settings explained later.

3) Finally if **Event 6 or Event 5** (or both) have concluded in cooling mode required, it will switch out1 relay on (1) to trigger cooling. Note this command line can be cloned multiple times peer system connected (see below example for 4 system control with 1 sensor).



Below is an example of a 4 system setup:

#	Source	If	Value	State	Operator	Action
1	OUTO	=	1	No	AND	EVENT5=1
·	OUT5	=	1	Yes	AND	EVENID=1
2	DS1	٤	19 ±0.2	Yes	AND	EVENT6=1
2	OUT5	=	0	No	AND	EVENTO
3	EVENT6	=	1	No	OP	Out1=1
2	EVENT5	=	1	No	OR	Outren
4	EVENT6	=	1	No	OR	Out2=1
4	EVENT5	=	1	No	OK	Outz=1
5	EVENT6	=	1	No	OR	Out3=1
5	EVENT5	=	1	No	OK	Outs=1
6	EVENT6	=	1	No	OR	Out4=1
0	EVENT5	=	1	No	UK	Out4=1

Event list

Events control Tests

Temperature Rise ACES2 Test

Please untick the events (deactivate) on the ACES2 panel and switch all systems connected to 1. If the system has a Cooling mode, it should now be on.

Let the temperature drop to **at least 2 degrees below** the required level and then tick the events and ensure the MQTT settings are active.

Leave the system in this state until the temperature rises back up to the desired level. Once there wait 20mins to ensure it maintains the temperature at desired range correctly.

Note: If the system can provide heating and cooling, the system (depending on model) can take 20-30mins on average to switch to the opposite mode before coming on. Do not count this transition in the test time.

Temperature drop ACES2 Test

Please untick the events (deactivate) on the ACES2 panel and switch all systems connected to 0.

If the system has a Heating mode, it should now be on.

Let the temperature Rise to **at least 2 degrees above** the required level and then tick the events and ensure the MQTT settings are active.

Leave the system in this state until the temperature drops back to the desired level. Once there wait 20mins to ensure it maintains the temperature at desired range correctly.

Note: If the system can provide heating and cooling, the system (depending on model) can take 20-30mins on average to switch to the opposite mode before coming on. Do not count this transition in the test time.



Setting up the cloud connection

Select the 'MQTT Client' in the ACES2 to set up communications and then in a browser type: <u>aces2.eniscope.com</u>

Login to your account, if you don't have an account yet then please contact BEST for one.

Now enter a name for the ACES2 and choose the LK3 option. Click add device.

To add a new device: (cli	:k to see more)
Name	Smart Switch 2
Туре	LK3 T
Redirect afterwards 🕄	
	+ Add device

You will now be asked to tick the 'active' box for the parameters you wish to see on the mobile app.

To begin with tick all outputs (out0-5) and the temperature sensors DS1 up that are in use.

Click save series settings when done.

•	n05c0b/a59/out0	OUTO	
	n05c0b/a59/out1	OUT1	
•	n05c0b/a59/out2	OUT2	
4	n05c0b/a59/out3	OUT3	
	n05c0b/a59/out4	OUT4	

Now on the left hand menu select 'quick configuration' (note this will only work if your computer is on the same local network as the ACES2). Type in the IP address of the unit and click 'Perform Quick Configuration'.

Series group Smart Sv	vitch 2 (with device)
Name change	If your LK3 is in the same network as you are (you can access it in your browser), then you can quickly configure its MQTT client without need to edit its settings manually.
Quick Configuration	Simply choose series you want to monitor in Series settings, then go back here and enter address of your LK3 in the field below and confirm with button next to it.
Series settings	Note In case you have already enabled authentication on your LK3, type in field below also your login credentials to device (they will not be stored or even sent to server, but used just once to access your LK directly from your browser). Generally it should be in following format:
Chart settings	login:password@LK3address
Manage databases	192.168.0.12 Perform Quick Configuration
In case you would like to u	ise old edit page go here. However new version offers better load times and hopefully better division of content.

You can now return to the ACES2 web menu and refresh the 'MQTT Client' menu. You should find that the MQTT is Connected (top left in green background) and that the connection settings have been filled in for you.



Enable Mqtt Enable log/pass auth Enable log/pass auth Server adress Mqtt.ats.pl Port 1883 Login david.bowers Login Cce7f26c2c Prefix NPassword 0ce7f26c2c Prefix 005c0b/0fd Time 300 Ping Time 60 NPA1 NPA2 NPA3 NPA4 NPA3 NPA4 NPA5 NPA6 NPA6 NPA1R NPA2R NPA3 NPA4 NPA5 NPA6 NPA1B NPA4 NPA5 NPA6 NPA1B NPA2 NPA3 NPA4 NPA5 NPA6 NPA1B NPA4 NPA5 NPA6 NPA1B NPA2 NPA3 NPA4 NPA5 NPA6 NPA1B NPA4 NPA5 NPA6 NPA1B NPA2 NPA3 NPA4 NPA5 NPA6 NPA1B NPA4 NPA5 NPA6 NPA1B NPA4 NPA5 NPA6 NPA1B NPA4 NPA5 NPA6 NPA1B NPA4 NPA5 NPA5 NPA6 NPA1 NPA5 NPA6 NPA NPA5 NPA6 NPA NPA5 NPA6 NPA NPA5 NPA6 NPA NPA5 NPA NPA5 NPA6 NPA NPA5 NPA NPA NPA5 NPA NPA NPA5 NPA NPA NPA NPA NPA NPA5 NPA	Your device number	910F00
Enable log/pass auth Server adress Port Login Port 1883 Login david.bowers Password Oce7f26c2c Prefix nO5c0b/0fd Time 300 Ping Time 60 INPA1 INPA2 INPA3 INPA4 INPA5 INPA6 INPA1R INPA2R INPA3R INPA4R INPA5 INPA6 INPA1 INPA5 INPA6 INPA1R INPA2R INPA3R INPA4R INPA5 INPA6R DS1 DS2 DS3 DS4 DS5 DS6 DS7 DS8 VCC TEMP T1 H1 DIFF1 DIFF2 INPID1 INPID2 INPID3 INPID4 OUTO OUT1 OUT2 OUT3 OUT4 OUT5 POWER1 POWER2 POWER3 POWER4	Your device number	
Server adress mqtt.ats.pl Port 1883 Login david.bowers Password 0ce7f26c2c Prefix n05c0b/0fd Time 300	Enable Mqtt	
Port 1883 Login david.bowers Password Oce7f26c2c Prefix n05c0b/0fd Time 300 Ping Time 60 INPA1 INPA2 INPA3R INPA6F INPA3R INPA6F DS5 DS6 DS7 DS8 VCC TEMP TI H1 DIFF2 INPID1 INPID2 INPID3 INPID4 OUT0 OUT3 OUT4 OUT5 POWER1 ENERGY1 ENERGY2	Enable log/pass auth	
Login david.bowers Password 0ce7f26c2c Prefix n05c0b/0fd Time 300 Ping Time 60 INPA1 INPA2 INPA3 INPA3 INPA6 INPA6 DS5 DS6 DS7 DS8 VCC1 TEMP T1 H1 DIFF2 INPID1 INPID2 INPID3 INPID4 OUT3 OUT4 OUT5 POWER1 POWER2 POWER3 PUID1 ENERGY1 ENERGY2 ENERGY3 ENERGY4 PM2.5 PM10 P1	Server adress	mqtt.ats.pl
Password Oce7f26c2c Prefix n05c0b/0fd Time 300 Ping Time 60 INPA1 INPA2 INPA3 INPA4 INPA5 INPA6 INPA1R INPA2R INPA3R INPA4R INPA5R INPA6R DS1 DS2 DS3 DS4 DS5 DS6 DS7 DS8 VCC TEMP T1 H1 DIFF1 DIFF2 INPID1 INPID2 INPID3 INPID4 OUTO OUT1 OUT2 OUT3 OUT4 OUT5 POWER1 POWER2 POWER3 POWER4 ENERGY1 ENERGY2 ENERGY3 ENERGY4 PM2.5 PM10 P1	Port	1883
Prefix n05c0b/0fd Time 300 Ping Time 60 INPA1 INPA2 INPA3 INPA3R INPA4R INPA5 INPA66 INPA3R INPA5R INPA6R DS1 DS2 DS3 DS4 DS5 DS6 DS7 DS8 VCC TEMP T1 H1 DIFF1 DIFF2 INPID1 INPID2 INPID3 INPID4 OUT0 OUT1 OUT2 OUT3 OUT4 OUT5 POWER1 POWER2 POWER3 PM10 P1	Login	david.bowers
Time 300 Ping Time 60 INPA1 INPA2 INPA3R INPA4R INPA3R INPA6R DS5 DS6 DS7 DS8 VCC TEMP T1 H1 DIFF2 INPID1 OUT3 OUT4 OUT5 POWER1 POWER2 PM2.5 PM10 P1	Password	0ce7f26c2c
Ping Time 60 INPA1 INPA2 INPA3 INPA4 INPA3R INPA4R INPA3R INPA4R INPA3R INPA4R INPA3R INPA4R INPA3R INPA5R INPA5 INPA6R DS5 DS6 DS7 DS8 VCC TEMP T1 H1 DIFF2 INPID1 INPID2 INPID3 INPID4 OUT0 OUT3 OUT4 OUT5 POWER1 ENERGY1 ENERGY2	Prefix	n05c0b/0fd
INPA1 INPA2 INPA3 INPA4 INPA5 INPA6 INPA1R INPA2R INPA3R INPA4R INPA5R INPA6R DS1 DS2 DS3 DS4 DS5 DS6 DS7 DS8 VCC TEMP T1 H1 DIFF1 DIFF2 INPID1 INPID2 INPID3 INPID4 OUTO OUT1 OUT2 OUT3 OUT4 OUT5 POWER1 POWER2 POWER3 POWER4 ENERGY1 ENERGY2 ENERGY3 ENERGY4 PM2.5 PM10 P1	Time	300
INPA3R INPA4R INPA5R INPA6R DS1 DS2 DS3 DS4 DS5 DS6 DS7 DS8 VCC TEMP T1 H1 DIFF1 DIFF2 INPID1 INPID2 INPID3 INPID4 OUT0 OUT1 OUT2 OUT3 OUT4 OUT5 POWER1 POWER2 POWER3 POWER4 ENERGY1 ENERGY2 ENERGY3 ENERGY4 PM2.5 PM10 P1	Ping Time	60
INPA3R INPA4R INPA5R INPA6R DS1 DS2 DS3 DS4 DS5 DS6 DS7 DS8 VCC TEMP T1 H1 DIFF1 DIFF2 INPID1 INPID2 INPID3 INPID4 OUT0 OUT1 OUT2 OUT3 OUT4 OUT5 POWER1 POWER2 POWER3 POWER4 ENERGY1 ENERGY2 ENERGY3 ENERGY4 PM2.5 PM10 P1		
DSS DS6 DS7 DS8 VCC TEMP T1 H1 DIFF1 DIFF2 INPID1 INPID2 INPID3 INPID4 OUT0 OUT1 OUT2 OUT2 OUT3 OUT4 OUT5 POWER1 POWER2 POWER3 POWER4 ENERGY1 ENERGY2 ENERGY3 ENERGY4 PM2.5 PM10 P1	INPA1	INPA4 INPA5 INPA6 INPA1R INPA2R
DIFF2 INPID1 INPID2 INPID3 INPID4 OUT0 OUT1 OUT2 OUT2 OUT3 OUT4 OUT5 POWER1 POWER2 POWER3 POWER4 ENERGY1 ENERGY2 ENERGY3 ENERGY4 PM2.5 PM10 P1	INPA3R	R INPAGR DS1 DS2 DS3 DS4 S
OUT3 OUT4 OUT5 POWER1 POWER2 POWER3 POWER4 ENERGY1 ENERGY2 ENERGY3 ENERGY4 PM2.5 PM10 P1	DS5 DS6 DS7 DS8	VCC TEMP T1 DIFF1
ENERGY1 ENERGY2 ENERGY3 ENERGY4 PM2.5 PM10 P1	DIFF2	INPID3 INPID4 OUT0 OUT1 OUT2
		POWER1 POWER2 POWER3 POWER4
co2 🗐	ENERGY1 🔲 ENERGY2 💷 EN	ERGY3 ENERGY4 PM2.5 PM10 P1
	co2 🗐	

If you have trouble with the quick configuration you can also set the MQTT connection manually, to do this go back to Devices menu

Now click on the blue banner titled 'to add a new device' and follow the instructions.

To add a new device: (click to hide)	
1. Complete the form below.	
2. Confirm with button Add device a	nd wait until you are redirected and are shown results (success or errors message).
3. Choose data/series that interest ye	ou in Series settings inside Edit section.
4. Configure your device's MQTT cli	ent settings. There are 2 ways to do it for LK3.
A. Recommended for LK3 Use Q	uick Configuration from Edit section (details on its page).
B. Manually enter data in form	in LK3's MQTT Client tab:
Enable Mqtt	select it
Enable log/pass auth	select it
Server address	copy and paste mqtt.ats.pl
Port	copy and paste 1883
Login	copy and paste david.bowers
	copy and paste ece7f26c2c
Prefix	
Time	
Ping Time	leave the default value
Select at least one checkbo	x so LK3 will be actually sending data.
Approve changes by clickin	g Save.
The picture showing valid co	nfiguration of LK3.



SECTION 2 COMMISSIONING OPTIONS

n Devices S	eries groups Config panel	MQTT Client		Do	ocs Conta	ct Accoun
	▲ Save changes			Discard changes		
Services (250)						~
Reactions 1063						*
Tasks 940		+ Add a ne	ew task			^
Filter by name		Filter by topic		Number of shown results		
Filter by name		Filter by topic		Number of shown results	4 0	of 4 matches
-	Торіс	Filter by topic	Send on		4 o Edit/Delete	
447	Topic a3469d/cfc/cmd		07:00:00 Mond			
447 Name		Message	07:00:00 Mond Thursday, Frid 19:00:00 Mond	20 lay, Tuesday, Wednesday,	Edit/Delete	
447 Name 447_AC1_ON	a3469d/cfc/cmd	Message out4=0	07:00:00 Mond Thursday, Frid 19:00:00 Mond Thursday, Frid 19:00:00 Mond	20 lay, Tuesday, Wednesday, ay, Saturday, Sunday lay, Tuesday, Wednesday,	Edit/Delete	×



A. The Remote options

Device Menu

Devices Series groups Config panel	MQTT Client			Docs Contact Account
Devices				
Name	Prefix	Edit 🔁	Chart	Table
LK3 Office_RD	a3469d/6ff	🖸 Edit 🗸	🔒 Chart 🗾	🗮 Table 🗾
LK3 7 Eleven 447	a3469d/cfc	🖸 Edit 🗸	🔒 Chart 🔽	🗮 Table 🔽
LK3 7 Eleven 0211	a3469d/3e7	🖸 Edit 🗸	ili Chart 🗾	🗮 Table 🔽
LK3 7 Eleven 1411	a3469d/a0c	🖸 Edit 🗸	ılı Chart 🗾	🔚 Table 🔽

Under the Device menu selection, you can see your ACES2 listed and besides them is a chart and table option.

Temperature Chart



Selecting the chart option, you can see data for the last month for the ACES2 temperature sensor, if setup correctly you should see a reasonable controlled tight formation like the above example. If your temperature varies to much, you can scroll to a specific time or day with the sliders at the bottom of the graph to analyse.



Temperature Table

Download data in CSV format -							
Date	DS1	OUT0	OUT1	OUT2	OUT3	OUT4	OUT5
2019-08-08 14:30:00	26.4	0	0	0	0	0	0
2019-08-08 14:25:00	26.5	0	0	0	0	0	0
2019-08-08 14:20:00	26.1	0	0	0	0	0	0
2019-08-08 14:15:00	26.6	0	1	1	1	0	0
2019-08-08 14:10:00	26.8	0	0	0	0	0	0
2019-08-08 14:05:00	26.5	0	0	0	0	0	0
2019-08-08 14:00:00	26.3	0	0	0	0	0	0
2019-08-08 13:55:00	26.2	0	0	0	0	0	0
2019-08-08 13:50:00	26.7	0	1	1	1	0	0
2019-08-08 13:45:00	26.8	0	0	0	0	0	0

Here you can analyse your ACES2 system more closely than the chart and compare the various output states against the temperature reading to check if the unit is triggering on the correct logic.

Table for 7 Eleven 1411	
Click here to see information abo	out CSV export
😺 Download data in CSV format 🗸	
Choose date format	DS1
ISO	26.4
UNIX	26.5
locale-moment	26.1
standard	26.6

Also on the top of the Table screen you have the ability to download the data in a CSV format.



Control Panel menu

Services

Services 250				1
		+ Add a new service configuration		
Name	Service	Value	Edit/Delete	
Email_Alert	⊠ smtp	retes.whisper@gmail.com	C ×	
Office_RD	🛪 mqttpub	a3469d/6ff/cmd	C ×	
7Eleven_447	A mqttpub	a3469d/cfc/cmd	C ×	
7Eleven_211	A mqttpub	a3469d/3e7/cmd	c ×	

This section is where you set the address of the items we want to communicate with, in this case we use the smtp service to publish a message to an email and the mqttpub service to point to the CMD (command console) of a particular ACES2 unit we wish to control.

Reactions

1	KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/ds1	V: >28 or <18	The temperature in Bra	smtp:Email_Alert	© ×
2	KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/ds1	V: >40 or <10 S: 500	out0=1	mqttpub:Bracknell_downstairs	C ×
3	KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/out0	V: >0 T: 09:00:00 - 23:55:00	out0=0	mqttpub:Bracknell_downstairs	C ×
4	KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/ds1	V: >20 T: 09:00:00 - 23:55:00	out5=0	mqttpub:Bracknell_downstairs	C ×
5	KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/ds1	V: ≤20 T: 09:00:00 - 23:55:00	out5=1	mqttpub:Bracknell_downstairs	C ×
6	KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/ds1	V: <100 T: 00:00:00 - 08:55:00	out0=1	mqttpub:Bracknell_downstairs	C ×
7	KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/ds1	V: <100 T: 08:55:00 - 09:00:00	out0=0	mqttpub:Bracknell_downstairs	C ×
8	KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/ds1	V: <100 T: 00:00:00 - 08:55:00 S: 840	out5=0	mqttpub:Bracknell_downstairs	© ×
9	KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/out5	V: <1 T: 00:00:00 - 08:55:00	out5=1	mqttpub:Bracknell_downstairs	C ×
10	KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/ds1	V: <100 T: 08:55:00 - 09:00:00	out5=0	mqttpub:Bracknell_downstairs	C ×

Reactions section has a large variety of usage, we can set alerts so that when a sensor goes outside a set range it send an email alert. We can also set an auto trigger to disconnect and reconnect a sensor when failed and remotely adjust the temperature threshold up for the compressor trigger. For the Heating and cooling mode we will also be using this section for scheduling instead of tasks.



Tasks (Not used for Heating and Cooling)

For the Heating and Cooling Mode we will be doing scheduling via the reactions and therefore do not use this section.

MQTT C	lient
--------	-------

Connection							Cor	nnected	0	۴
Publish					^	Subscript	tions			~
Торіс		QoS	Retain			Topic				
vb68ad/c8f/cmd	Pick topic -	0	•	Publish		vb68ad/			Pici	k topic 👻
Message	[Color	QoS			
Messages	7 Eleven 0731 vb68ad/c8f/cmi vb68ad/c8f/cmi vb68ad/c8f/inpi vb68ad/c8f/inpi	dr a1					2	<u>.</u>	Subsc	
litter by topic OFF	vb68ad/c8f/inp; vb68ad/c8f/inp; vb68ad/c8f/inp;	a3 a4	er by payload OFF							
lumber of shown message	vb68ad/c8f/inpa vb68ad/c8f/inpa									
5	vb68ad/c8f/inpa vb68ad/c8f/inpa vb68ad/c8f/inpa vb68ad/c8f/inpa	a3r a4r	Clea	ir Messages						
	where a state of the state of t									

The MQTT client can be used to send instant manual commands remotely, firstly check for the green connected symbol in top right corner. Next select topic and choose the cmd (command console) of your device. Now type the output you wish to switch the state of and hit Publish.

i.e. out0=1

Note: the system is capital lock sensitive, so use lower case.



B. Setting up the Standard 1 Sensor Remote Logic

MQTT Remote setup Example:

1	KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/ds1	V: >28 or <18	The temperature in Bra	smtp:Email_Alert
2	KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/ds1	V: >40 or <10 S: 500	out0=1	mqttpub:Bracknell_downstairs
3	KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/out0	V: >0 T: 09:00:00 - 23:55:00	out0=0	mqttpub:Bracknell_downstairs
4	KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/ds1	V: >20 T: 09:00:00 - 23:55:00	out5=0	mqttpub:Bracknell_downstairs
5	KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/ds1	V: ≤20 T: 09:00:00 - 23:55:00	out5=1	mqttpub:Bracknell_downstairs
6	KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/ds1	V: <100 T: 00:00:00 - 08:55:00	out0=1	mqttpub:Bracknell_downstairs
7	KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/ds1	V: <100 T: 08:55:00 - 09:00:00	out0=0	mqttpub:Bracknell_downstains
8	KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/ds1	V: <100 T: 00:00:00 - 08:55:00 S: 840	out5=0	mqttpub:Bracknell_downstains
9	KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/out5	V: <1 T: 00:00:00 - 08:55:00	out5=1	mqttpub:Bracknetl_downstairs
10	KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/ds1	V: <100 T: 08:55:00 - 09:00:00	out5=0	mqttpub:Bracknell_downstairs

ALERT

KFC_BRACKNELL_D w8529e/38b/ds1	V: >28 or <18	The temperature in Bra	smtp:Email_Alert
--------------------------------	---------------	------------------------	------------------

1) This line is to provide an email alert if the temperature sensor in store goes above 28 degrees or below 18 degrees. It will send the message ever 5mins and state the store name and temperature.

Automatic Sensor Reset

KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/ds1	V: >40 or <10 S: 500	out0=1	mqttpub:Bracknell_downstains
KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/out0	V: >0 T: 09:00:00 - 23:55:00	out0=0	mqttpub:Bracknell_downstairs

- 2) These lines are to detect if the temperature sensor goes to 85 deg or -60 (error). If so it will set put0=1 to break sensor wire (this command can only act every 500 seconds)
- 3) 2nd line allows 5mins later to return out0=0 and bring sensor back online automatically but only during the normal operating hours (9am to midnight).



Temperature Adjustment

Schedule Control

KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/ds1	V: >20 T: 09:00:00 - 23:55:00	out5=0	mqttpub:Bracknell_downstairs
KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/ds1	V: ≤20 T: 09:00:00 - 23:55:00	out5=1	mqttpub:Bracknell_downstairs

- 4) First line adjust the onboard events temperature threshold up from 19 to 20 degrees for cooling.
- 5) Second line adjust the onboard events temperature threshold up from 19 to 20 degrees for heating. Note both lines only apply during the operating hours (9a, to midnight).

KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/ds1	V: <100 T: 00:00:00 - 08:55:00	out0=1	mqttpub:Bracknetl_downstairs
KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/ds1	V: <100 T: 08:55:00 - 09:00:00	out0=0	mqttpub:Bracknetl_downstairs
KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/ds1	V: <100 T: 00:00:00 - 08:55:00 S: 840	out5=0	mqttpub:Bracknetl_downstains
KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/out5	V: <1 T: 00:00:00 - 08:55:00	out5=1	mqttpub:Bracknetl_downstains
KFC_BRACKNELL_D	w8529e/38b/ds1	V: <100 T: 08:55:00 - 09:00:00	out5=0	mqttpub:Bracknetl_downstains
1				

- 6) First line forces the system into override mode (midnight to 9am) while 2nd line returns the system to normal temperature control by 9am.
- 7) Lines 3 and 4 are used to toggle the system between heating and cooling mode (creating an off state). This only operates between midnight to 9am.
- 8) The final line just returns the system to heating mode before temperature control resumes.



C. Making Edits in ACES2.Eniscope.com

When you want to add new commands to Reactions, Tasks or MQTT Client you need to login via incognito window. This ensure no one can accidentally change setting while viewing.

New tab			Ctrl+T
New windo	DW		Ctrl+N
New incog	nito window	/ Ctrl+S	Shift+N
History)
Download	s		Ctrl+J
Bookmarks	5		•
Zoom	- 100	% +	53
Print Cast			Ctrl+P
Find			Ctrl+F
More tools	5)
Edit	Cut	Сору	Paste
Settings			
Help)
Exit			
	New incog History Download Bookmark Zoom Print Cast Find More tools Edit Settings Help	History Downloads Bookmarks Zoom - 1009 Print Cast Find More tools Edit Cut Settings Help	New incognito window Ctrl+S History Downloads Bookmarks Zoom – 100% + Print Cast Find More tools Edit Cut Copy Settings Help

All major browsers have a incognito mode and above is an example for google chrome.



If the mode is working correctly you will see the MQTT On in the bottom left corner.

m	Devices	Series groups	Config pa	anel	MQTT Client							C	Docs	Contact	Account -
Con	nection											conne	ected		*
Pub	lish								-	Subs	scriptio	ns			^
Topio a3 Mess	469d/	Pick	topic –	Qo S 0	¥	Retain		Publish		Topic a34 Color	469d/	QoS 2 T		Pic	k topic 👻
	sages r by topic <mark>OF</mark>	Ŧ			Filter by	payload <mark>OFF</mark>			^						
Num 5	ber of shown	n messages (0 - r	no limit)			Cle	ar Message	S							

Or you will see the Connected sign for the MQTT Client



SECTION 3 TROUBLESHOOTING

A. Factory Reset



Pressing the reset button for about 0.5 seconds to change state relays, and hold for longer (up to five seconds) will change all settings (both network and configuration) on the factory reset.

Confirmation of the settings is fast switching on and off the relay.



SECTION 4 SPECIFICATIONS

Supply voltage:
Power consumption:
Interface:
Relay:
Operating temperature:

8 to 55 V DC 0.5W Ethernet 100 Mbit/s 255 V AC 10 A -20 to +85 °C

INPUT / OUTPUT:

4 Analogue Inputs INPA1 to INPA4 with amplifier 2 input voltage ranges:

The scope of of measured voltage for a range of 3.3 V gain=1 from 0 to 3300 mV gain=10 from 0 to 330 mV gain=50 from 0 to 60 mV

The scope of of measured voltage for a range of 33 $\rm V$

gain=1 from 0 to 33000 mV gain=10 from 0 to 3300 mV gain=50 from 0 to 600 mV

for voltages between 0 to 5 mV, the measurement is not sure.

2 Analogue Input without gain INPA5 & INPA6: range of measured voltage of 0.1 to 3.3 V

1 Digital Input in standard 1-WIRE and I2C (connector 6P6C RJ12): measurement 6 temperature probes DS18B20.

4 Logic Input: VLow - max 1,1 V VHigh - min 1,5 V, max 12 V

RELAY: 10 A / 240 V AC, 15 A / 24 V DC

